

ESA#	ESA Name	Criteria Met	Reason for Significance
na	Maple Spur of the Oak	na	▶ This ridge is composed of large quantities of sand and gravel that
	Ridges Moraine		rise up to 60 m above the Halton Till plain (NHIC Record).
na	North Woodbridge	na	► Information for this feature is not available.
	Ravine		

Note: * According to Varga et al. (2000), these species have no status within York Region.

4.4.4.2 TRCA Terrestrial Natural Heritage System Strategy

All of the above listed ESAs are encompassed within the TRCA's Terrestrial Natural Heritage System Strategy (TNHS 2007). The objective of the strategy is to identify and evaluate natural heritage features and functions within the landscape, for inclusion in a Natural Heritage System. The TNHS is composed of both Existing Natural Cover and Potential Natural Cover that can be restored to compliment existing units. A desktop exercise involving digital mapping was used to identify existing and potential cover within the TRCA jurisdiction. The quality, distribution and quantity of natural cover were evaluated according to scientifically rigorous Landscape Ecological Principles and combined to form a system that considered both feature and function, in existing natural communities and areas that could potentially be restored. Instead of considering natural cover on a patch by patch basis, the TRCA analyzed natural cover from a landscape perspective, which is the scale at which most ecological processes function. This holistic process allowed the identification of areas that should be restored to natural cover to enhance existing features. By securing the Potential Natural Cover areas within the Natural Heritage System, natural cover in the Toronto Region will increase from its current 17% to the goal of 30% cover, and likely improve the overall quality and functioning of cover within their jurisdiction (Figure 9).

4.4.5 Conservation Areas

A Conservation Authority Area is a property owned and managed by the local conservation authority. Some have limited access in order to protect sensitive habitat, however most are open to the public for recreational and educational purposes.

The Kortright Centre for Conservation is 26.5 ha in size, and is the only Conservation Area within the City of Vaughan (Figure 14). Humber River and Cold Creek run through the property that has a diverse assemblage of vegetation communities including mature mixed Eastern Hemlock-Sugar Maple-American Beech forest, Crack Willow-Balsam Poplar-White Spruce-American Elm scrub communities, swamps, wetlands and old-fields.

5. Conclusions – Overall Sensitivities

The following table provides a summary of the key terrestrial features and land designations identified for the analysis area.

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Table 15. Overall Significant and Sensitive Features

Feature and/or Land Designation	Applicable Policy Documents/Policy Implications
Provincially Significant Wetlands (PSW)	► Protected under the Provincial Policy Statement (PPS).
Locally Significant Wetlands (LSW)	► Protected under the Conservation Authorities Act.
	▶ Municipal Official Plan policies may assess impacts of development and public
	infrastructure projects on LSW and unevaluated wetlands.
Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI)	▶ Protected under the PPS.
Undesignated Wetland Units	▶ Wetland communities are rare in Vaughan. Perform important ecological, social
	and economic functions.
Upland Forest Units	▶ Upland forest communities are rare in Vaughan. Incorporated into TRCA TNHSS.
Interior Forest Habitat/Area Sensitive Bird	► High quality habitats with relatively minimal anthropogenic disturbance.
Species	▶ Potential for high incident of rare or uncommon wildlife.
Species at Risk	▶ Protected under the PPS, Species at Risk Act and the Endangered Species Act.

6. Information Gaps and Further Analyses

Although our review of existing secondary information has been thorough, some data gaps still exist. The following information will be needed to provide a complete assessment of natural heritage features within the City of Vaughan:

- 1. Groundwater Quality;
- 2. ELC information to fill in TRCA gaps;
- 3. MNR Wetland Evaluation Reports;
- 4. Updated data for Fisheries sampled >20 years ago; and
- 5. Fisheries data for intermittent tributaries that have not been sampled.

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